This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

1. (Currently Amended) A compound of formula I

$$R^6$$
 R^4
 R^2
 R^1

- R², R⁴ denote H, A, Hal, cycloalkyl having 3 to 7 C atoms, CF₃, NO₂, CN, OCF₃, OA, NHA, NA₂, or NH₂,
- R⁶ is phenyl, 2-, 3- or 4-cyanophenyl, 2-, 3- or 4-fluorophenyl, 2-, 3- or 4-methyl-, ethyl-, n-propyl- or n-butylphenyl, 2,3-, 2,4-, 2,5-, 2,6-, 3,4-, 3,5- or 3,6-difluoro-, dichloro- or dicyanophenyl, 3,4,5-trifluorophenyl, 3,4,5-trimethoxy- or triethoxyphenyl, thiophen-2-yl or thiophen-3-yl,
- R³ is phenyl, 2-, 3- or 4-cyanophenyl, 2-, 3- or 4-fluorophenyl, 2-, 3- or 4-methyl-, ethyl-, n-propyl- or n-butylphenyl, 2,3-, 2,4-, 2,5-, 2,6-difluoro- or dicyanophenyl, thiophen-2-yl or thiophen-3-yl, 2-, 3- or 4-pyridyl, 2-, 4- or 5-oxazolyl, 2-, 4- or 5-thiazolyl, quinolinyl, isoquinolinyl, 2- or 4-pyridazyl, 2-, 4- or 5-pyrimidyl, 2- or 3-pyrazinyl or 2- or 3-furanyl,
- $R^1 \qquad \text{denotes H-or CO_2R^5, $(CH_2)_nCOHet$, CHO, $(CH_2)_nOR^5$, $(CH_2)_nHet$, $(CH_2)_nN(R^5)_2$,} \\ CH=N-OA$, $CH_2CH=N-OA$, $(CH_2)_nNHOA$, $(CH_2)_n(R^5)Het$, $(CH_2)_nCH=N-Het$,} \\ (CH_2)_nOCOR'$, $(CH_2)_nN(R^5)CH_2CH_2OR^5$, $(CH_2)_nN(R^5)CH_2CH_2OCF_3$,} \\ \end{cases}$

R⁵ denotes H or A

A denotes straight-chain or branched alkyl or alkoxy having 1 to 10 C atoms, or alkenyl or alkenyloxyalkyl having 2 to 10 C atoms,

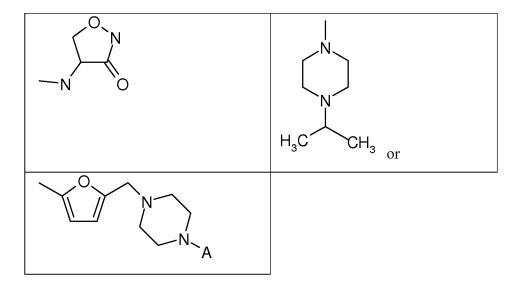
Het is 1-piperidyl, 1-piperazyl, 1-(4-methyl)piperazyl, 1-(4-ethyl)piperazinyl, 1-(4-cyclopentyl)piperazinyl, 4-methylpiperazin-1-ylamine, 1-pyrrolidinyl, 1-pyrazolidinyl 1-(2-methyl)pyrazolidinyl, 1-imidazolidinyl or 1-(3-methyl)imidazolidinyl or 4-pyridyl, which is unsubstituted or substituted by one or more CN group, 2- or 4-pyridazyl, 2-, 4- or 5-pyrimidyl, 2- or 3-pyrazinyl, or a group of one of the formulae below

CH ₃	
H ₃ C N	N-
CH ₃	N— CH ₃
N CH ₃	
HO	H ₃ C H ₃ C O N
H ₃ C O N	H ₃ C N—
H ₃ C O N N -	H ₃ C O N H ₃ C CH ₃
H ₃ C O	HO—N—N—

HON	HO—N—
2 N	HO N
H ₂ N N—	H ₃ C
H ₃ C CH ₃	H ₃ C N
O CH ₃	H ₃ C N
s_N-	N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N

H ₃ C N H ₃ C	N N-
LN N	0=\$\(\)\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\
CH ₃ N H	o=s
H ₂ N——	o No
H ₃ C-O N=_N-	N
N-	O
	N
	N

OH OH	s—N
N N N	H ₃ C-N CH ₃
H ₃ C N N N	N NH ₂
H ₃ C NH	N-N-N-
N N	H ₃ C - S - N N -
N N	H ₂ N H N N N N
	H ₃ C CH ₃



- Ar denotes a phenyl radical which is unsubstituted or mono or polysubstituted by A and/or Hal, OR⁵, OOCR⁵, COOR⁵, CON(R⁵)₂, CN, NO₂, NH₂, NHCOR⁵, CF₃ or SO₂CH₃,
- X denotes CH or N,
- n denotes 0, 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 and

Hal denotes F, Cl, Br or I,

where, in the case that X has the meaning CH, R² and R⁴ do not simultaneously denote H,

or a salt, enantiomer, or racemate thereof, or a mixture of enantiomers.

- 2. (Cancelled)
- 3. (Currently Amended) A compound according to claim $\underline{28}$ [[4]], in which R^4 denotes H, Hal, CN, A or NO_2 .

4. (Currently Amended) which R² denotes H or alkyl.

A compound according to claim 28 [[4]], in

- 5. (Cancelled)
- $\label{eq:constraint} 6. \qquad \text{(Previously Presented)}$ the meaning N.

A compound according to claim 1, in which X has

7. (Currently Amended)

A compound of formula IA, IB, IC, ID, IE or IF:

$$\mathbb{R}^4$$
 \mathbb{O} \mathbb{I} \mathbb{R}^3

$$R^4$$
 N
 OH
 IC

$$\mathbb{R}^4$$
 OH ID

- R³ is phenyl, 2-, 3- or 4-cyanophenyl, 2-, 3- or 4-fluorophenyl, 2-, 3- or 4-methyl-, ethyl-, n-propyl- or n-butylphenyl, 2,3-, 2,4-, 2,5-, 2,6-difluoro- or dicyanophenyl, thiophen-2-yl or thiophen-3-yl, 2-, 3- or 4-pyridyl, 2-, 4- or 5-oxazolyl, 2-, 4- or 5-thiazolyl, quinolinyl, isoquinolinyl, 2- or 4-pyridazyl, 2-, 4- or 5-pyrimidyl, 2- or 3-pyrazinyl or 2- or 3-furanyl,
- R⁴ denote H, A, Hal, cycloalkyl having 3 to 7 C atoms, CF₃, NO₂, CN, OCF₃, OA, NHA, NA₂, or NH₂,
- A denotes straight-chain or branched alkyl or alkoxy having 1 to 10 C atoms, or alkenyl or alkenyloxyalkyl having 2 to 10 C atoms,

Hal denotes F, Cl, Br or I,

X denotes CH or N,

where, in the case that X has the meaning CH, R⁴ in the compounds of formulae IA, IC and IE does not denote H, and

is phenyl, 2-, 3- or 4-cyanophenyl, 2-, 3- or 4-fluorophenyl, 2-, 3- or 4-methyl-, ethyl-, n-propyl- or n-butylphenyl, 2,3-, 2,4-, 2,5-, 2,6-, 3,4-, 3,5- or 3,6-difluoro-, dichloro- or dicyanophenyl, 3,4,5-trifluorophenyl, 3,4,5-trimethoxy- or triethoxyphenyl, thiophen-2-yl or thiophen-3-yl

R³, R⁴, R⁶ and X have the meanings indicated for the compound of formula I.

8. (Previously Presented) A process for preparing a compound of claim 1, which is of formula IA

in which R³, R⁴, R⁶, X and A have the meaning indicated for the compound of formula I or a salt thereof,

comprising reacting a compound of formula II

$$R^{6}$$
 $NHNH_{2}$

or an acid-addition salt thereof,

in which R⁴, R⁶ and X have the meanings indicated for the compound of formula I, with a compound of formula III

$$R^3$$
 A
 A
 A

in which A and R³ have the meanings indicated for the compound of formula I, and/or converting a basic compound of formula IA into one of its salts by treatment with an acid.

9. (Currently Amended) A process for preparing a compound of claim 1, which is of formula IB

$$\mathbb{R}^4$$
 \mathbb{O} \mathbb{I} \mathbb{R}^3

in which

R³ is phenyl, 2-, 3- or 4-cyanophenyl, 2-, 3- or 4-fluorophenyl, 2-, 3- or 4-methyl-, ethyl-,

n-propyl- or n-butylphenyl, 2,3-, 2,4-, 2,5-, 2,6-difluoro- or dicyanophenyl, thiophen-2-yl or thiophen-3-yl, 2-, 3- or 4-pyridyl, 2-, 4- or 5-oxazolyl, 2-, 4- or 5-thiazolyl, quinolinyl, isoquinolinyl, 2- or 4-pyridazyl, 2-, 4- or 5-pyrimidyl, 2- or 3-pyrazinyl or 2- or 3-furanyl,

- R⁴ denote H, A, Hal, cycloalkyl having 3 to 7 C atoms, CF₃, NO₂, CN, OCF₃, OA, NHA, NA₂, or NH₂,
- A denotes straight-chain or branched alkyl or alkoxy having 1 to 10 C atoms, or alkenyl or alkenyloxyalkyl having 2 to 10 C atoms,

Hal denotes F, Cl, Br or I,

X denotes CH or N,

is phenyl, 2-, 3- or 4-cyanophenyl, 2-, 3- or 4-fluorophenyl, 2-, 3- or 4-methyl-, ethyl-, n-propyl- or n-butylphenyl, 2,3-, 2,4-, 2,5-, 2,6-, 3,4-, 3,5- or 3,6-difluoro-, dichloro- or dicyanophenyl, 3,4,5-trifluorophenyl, 3,4,5-trimethoxy- or triethoxyphenyl, thiophen-2-yl or thiophen-3-yl,

R³, R⁴, R⁶, X and A have the meaning indicated for the compound of formula I or a salt thereof,

comprising reacting a compound of formula II

$$\mathbb{R}^{6}$$
 \mathbb{N}^{1}
 \mathbb{N}^{1}
 \mathbb{N}^{1}

or an acid-addition salt thereof,

in which R⁴, R⁶ and X have the meanings indicated for the compound of formula IB formula I,

with a compound of formula IV

$$R^3$$
 O_A IV

in which A and R³ have the meanings indicated for the compound of <u>formula IB</u> formula I, and/or converting a basic compound of formula IB into one of its salts by treatment with an acid.

10-13. (Cancelled)

14. (Currently Amended) A pharmaceutical composition comprising at least one compound of the formula I according to claim 1 and/or one of its physiologically acceptable salts, and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier,

$$R^4$$
 R^4
 R^2
 R^1

- R², R⁴ denote H, A, Hal, cycloalkyl having 3 to 7 C atoms, CF₃, NO₂, CN, OCF₃, OA, NHA, NA₂, or NH₂,
- is phenyl, 2-, 3- or 4-cyanophenyl, 2-, 3- or 4-fluorophenyl, 2-, 3- or 4-methyl-, ethyl-, n-propyl- or n-butylphenyl, 2,3-, 2,4-, 2,5-, 2,6-, 3,4-, 3,5- or 3,6-difluoro-, dichloro- or dicyanophenyl, 3,4,5-trifluorophenyl, 3,4,5-trimethoxy- or triethoxyphenyl, thiophen-2-yl or thiophen-3-yl,

- is phenyl, 2-, 3- or 4-cyanophenyl, 2-, 3- or 4-fluorophenyl, 2-, 3- or 4-methyl-, ethyl-, n-propyl- or n-butylphenyl, 2,3-, 2,4-, 2,5-, 2,6-difluoro- or dicyanophenyl, thiophen-2-yl or thiophen-3-yl, 2-, 3- or 4-pyridyl, 2-, 4- or 5-oxazolyl, 2-, 4- or 5-thiazolyl, quinolinyl, isoquinolinyl, 2- or 4-pyridazyl, 2-, 4- or 5-pyrimidyl, 2- or 3-pyrazinyl or 2- or 3-furanyl,
- $\frac{R^1}{\text{CH=N-OA, CH}_2\text{R}^5, (\text{CH}_2)_n\text{COHet, CHO, }(\text{CH}_2)_n\text{OR}^5, (\text{CH}_2)_n\text{Het, }(\text{CH}_2)_n\text{N}(\text{R}^5)_{23}}, \\ \frac{\text{CH=N-OA, CH}_2\text{CH=N-OA, }(\text{CH}_2)_n\text{NHOA, }(\text{CH}_2)_n(\text{R}^5)\text{Het, }(\text{CH}_2)_n\text{CH=N-Het, }}{(\text{CH}_2)_n\text{OCOR', }(\text{CH}_2)_n\text{N}(\text{R}^5)\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{OR}^5, }(\text{CH}_2)_n\text{N}(\text{R}^5)\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{OCF}_{33}}, \\ \frac{(\text{CH}_2)_n\text{N}(\text{R}^5)\text{C}(\text{R}^5)\text{OCOR}^5, (\text{CH}_2)_n\text{N}(\text{R}')\text{CH}_2\text{COHet, }(\text{CH}_2)_n\text{N}(\text{R}^5)\text{CH}_2\text{Het, }}{(\text{CH}_2)_n\text{N}(\text{R}^5)\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{N}(\text{R}')\text{CH}_2\text{OCOR', }}, \\ \frac{(\text{CH}_2)_n\text{N}(\text{R}^5)\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{Het, }(\text{CH}_2)_n\text{N}(\text{R}^5)\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{N}(\text{R}')\text{CH}_2\text{OCOR', }}{(\text{CH}_2)_n\text{N}(\text{R}^5)\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2\text{N}(\text{R}^5)_{23}, \\ \text{CH=CHCH}_2\text{OR}^5 \text{ or }(\text{CH}_2)_n\text{N}(\text{R}^5)\text{Ar, }}$

R⁵ denotes H or A

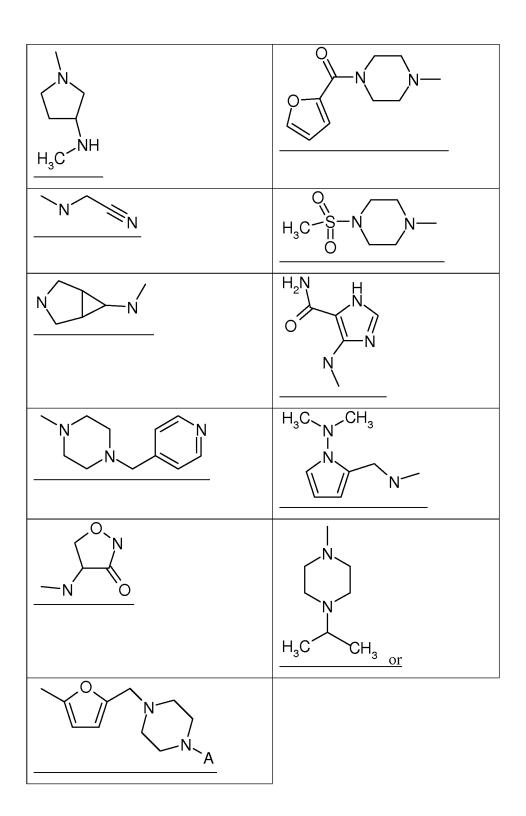
- A denotes straight-chain or branched alkyl or alkoxy having 1 to 10 C atoms, or alkenyl or alkenyloxyalkyl having 2 to 10 C atoms,
- Het is 1-piperidyl, 1-piperazyl, 1-(4-methyl)piperazyl, 1-(4-ethyl)piperazinyl, 1-(4-cyclopentyl)piperazinyl, 4-methylpiperazin-1-ylamine, 1-pyrrolidinyl, 1-pyrazolidinyl 1-(2-methyl)pyrazolidinyl, 1-imidazolidinyl or 1-(3-methyl)imidazolidinyl or 4-pyridyl, which is unsubstituted or substituted by one or more CN group, 2- or 4-pyridazyl, 2-, 4- or 5-pyrimidyl, 2- or 3-pyrazinyl, or a group of one of the formulae below

N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	N-
N-	N-
H ₃ C N— N—	N-
CH ₃	
H ₃ C N	
CH ₃	N— CH ₃
CH ₃	0=\(\)\(\)\(\)
HO	H_3C H_3C O

H ₃ C O N—	H ₃ C N—
H ₃ C N N -	$\begin{array}{c c} H_3C & \searrow & N \\ \hline \\ H_3C & CH_3 \\ \hline \end{array}$
H ₃ C	HO—N—
HO—N—	HO
2 IN	HON
H ₂ N N—	H ₃ C
H ₃ C CH ₃	H ₃ C N N—

O CH ₃	H ₃ C N N -
<u>s</u>	
H ₃ C N N-	N— N—
LN N	0=\$\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
CH ₃ N H	0=S_N_
H ₂ N——	O NO

H ₃ C-O _N -	N
N—	
	N N
	N
OH OH	s—N
N N N H	H_3C-N CH_3
H ₃ C N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	NH ₂



Ar denotes a phenyl radical which is unsubstituted or mono or polysubstituted by

A and/or Hal, OR⁵, OOCR⁵, COOR⁵, CON(R⁵)₂, CN, NO₂, NH₂, NHCOR⁵, CF₃ or

 SO_2CH_3 ,

X denotes CH or N,

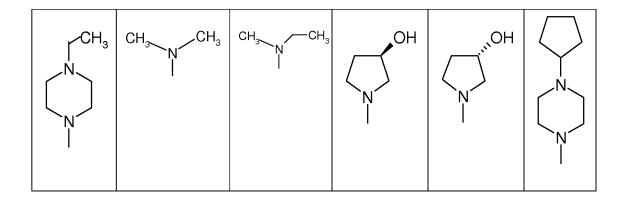
n denotes 0, 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 and

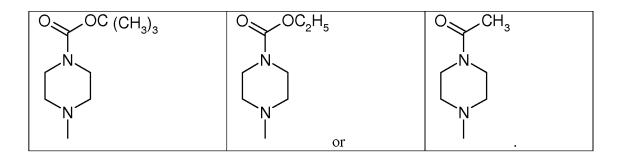
Hal denotes F, Cl, Br or I,

where, in the case that X has the meaning CH, R² and R⁴ do not simultaneously denote H,

or a salt, enantiomer, or racemate thereof, or a mixture of enantiomers.

- 15. (Currently Amended) A process for the preparation of a pharmaceutical composition, comprising combining a compound of the formula I according to Claim 14 [[4]] and/or one of its physiological acceptable salts into a suitable dosage form together with at least one solid, liquid or semi-liquid excipient or adjuvant.
 - 16. (Cancelled)
- 17. (Currently Amended) A compound according to claim <u>28</u> [[4]], in which Het is





18. (Cancelled)

- 19. (Currently Amended) A method for the *in vitro* inhibition of 5-HT2A receptor, comprising administering to said receptor a <u>pharmaceutical composition according</u> to claim 14 compound, salt, enantiomer, racemate or enantiomer mixture of claim 1.
- 20. (Currently Amended) A compound according to claim 1, in which R^1 denotes denotes $\frac{1}{H}$ or $(CH_2)_nCOHet$, CHO, $(CH_2)_nOR^5$, $(CH_2)_nHet$, $(CH_2)_nN(R^5)_2$, CH=N-OA, $CH_2CH=N-OA$, $(CH_2)_nNHOA$, $(CH_2)_n(R^5)Het$, $(CH_2)_nCH=N-Het$, $(CH_2)_nOCOR^t$, $(CH_2)_nN(R^5)CH_2CH_2OR^5$, $(CH_2)_nN(R^5)CH_2CH_2OCF_3$, $(CH_2)_nN(R^5)C(R^5)OCOR^5$, $(CH_2)_nN(R^t)CH_2COHet$, $(CH_2)_nN(R^5)CH_2Het$, $(CH_2)_nN(R^5)CH_2CH_2Het$, $(CH_2)_nN(R^5)CH_2CH_2N(R^5)_2$,
- 21. (Currently Amended) A compound according to claim 1, in which R^1 denotes denotes H or CO_2R^5 , COHet, CHO, $(CH_2)_nOR^5$, $(CH_2)_nHet$, $(CH_2)_nN(R^5)_2$, CH=N-OA, $CH_2CH=N$ -OA, $(CH_2)_nNHOA$, $(CH_2)_n(R^5)Het$, $(CH_2)_nCH=N$ -Het, $(CH_2)_nOCOR^4$, $(CH_2)_nN(R^5)CH_2CH_2OR^5$, $(CH_2)_nN(R^5)CH_2CH_2OCF_3$, $(CH_2)_nN(R^5)C(R^5)OCOR^5$, $(CH_2)_nN(R^4)CH_2COHet$, $(CH_2)_nN(R^5)CH_2Het$, $(CH_2)_nN(R^5)CH_2CH_2Het$, $(CH_2)_nN(R^5)CH_2CH_2N(R^5)_2$, (
- 22. (Currently Amended) A compound according to claim 1, in which R^1 denotes denotes H-or $(CH_2)_nHet$, $(CH_2)_nN(R^5)_2$, CH=N-OA, $CH_2CH=N$ -OA, $(CH_2)_nNHOA$,

 $(CH_2)_n(R^5)Het, (CH_2)_nCH=N-Het, (CH_2)_nOCOR', (CH_2)_nN(R^5)CH_2CH_2OR^5, \\ (CH_2)_nN(R^5)CH_2CH_2OCF_3, (CH_2)_nN(R^5)C(R^5)OCOR^5, (CH_2)_nN(R')CH_2COHet, \\ (CH_2)_nN(R^5)CH_2Het, (CH_2)_nN(R^5)CH_2CH_2Het, (CH_2)_nN(R^5)CH_2CH_2N(R')CH_2OCOR', \\ (CH_2)_nN(R^5)CH_2CH_2N(R^5)_2, CH=CHCOOR^5, CH=CHCH_2NR^5Het, CH=CHCH_2N(R^5)_2, \\ CH=CHCH_2OR^5 \text{ or } (CH_2)_nN(R^5)Ar.$

- 23. (Previously Presented) A compound according to claim 1 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.
- 24. (Previously Presented) A compound according to claim 1, in which R³ is thiophen-2-yl or thiophen-3-yl, 2-, 4- or 5-oxazolyl, 2-, 4- or 5-thiazolyl, quinolinyl, isoquinolinyl, 2- or 4-pyridazyl, 2-, 4- or 5-pyrimidyl, 2- or 3-pyrazinyl or 2- or 3-furanyl.
- 25. (Previously Presented) A compound according to claim 1, in which R³ is 2-or 3-furanyl.
- 26. (New) A compound according to claim 1, in which R⁴ denote A, Hal, cycloalkyl having 3 to 7 C atoms, CF₃, NO₂, CN, OCF₃, OA, NHA, NA₂, or NH₂.
- 27. (New) A compound according to claim 1, in which A denotes straight-chain or branched alkyl or alkoxy having 3 to 10 C atoms, or alkenyl or alkenyloxyalkyl having 3 to 10 C atoms.
 - 28. (New) A compound of formula I

$$R^6$$
 R^4
 R^2
 R^1
 R^3

- R², R⁴ denote H, A, Hal, cycloalkyl having 3 to 7 C atoms, CF₃, NO₂, CN, OCF₃, OA, NHA, NA₂, or NH₂,
- R⁶ is phenyl, 2-, 3- or 4-cyanophenyl, 2-, 3- or 4-fluorophenyl, 2-, 3- or 4-methyl-, ethyl-, n-propyl- or n-butylphenyl, 2,3-, 2,4-, 2,5-, 2,6-, 3,4-, 3,5- or 3,6-difluoro-, dichloro- or dicyanophenyl, 3,4,5-trifluorophenyl, 3,4,5-trimethoxy- or triethoxyphenyl, thiophen-2-yl or thiophen-3-yl,
- R³ is phenyl, 2-, 3- or 4-cyanophenyl, 2-, 3- or 4-fluorophenyl, 2-, 3- or 4-methyl-, ethyl-, n-propyl- or n-butylphenyl, 2,3-, 2,4-, 2,5-, 2,6-difluoro- or dicyanophenyl, thiophen-2-yl or thiophen-3-yl, 2-, 3- or 4-pyridyl, 2-, 4- or 5-oxazolyl, 2-, 4- or 5-thiazolyl, quinolinyl, isoquinolinyl, 2- or 4-pyridazyl, 2-, 4- or 5-pyrimidyl, 2- or 3-pyrazinyl or 2- or 3-furanyl,
- $R^{1} \qquad \text{denotes H or CO}_{2}R^{5}, \ (\text{CH}_{2})_{n}\text{COHet, CHO}, \ (\text{CH}_{2})_{n}\text{OR}^{5}, \ (\text{CH}_{2})_{n}\text{Het, } \ (\text{CH}_{2})_{n}\text{N}(R^{5})_{2}, \\ \text{CH=N-OA, CH}_{2}\text{CH=N-OA, } \ (\text{CH}_{2})_{n}\text{NHOA, } \ (\text{CH}_{2})_{n}(R^{5})\text{Het, } \ (\text{CH}_{2})_{n}\text{CH=N-Het, } \\ (\text{CH}_{2})_{n}\text{OCOR'}, \ (\text{CH}_{2})_{n}\text{N}(R^{5})\text{CH}_{2}\text{CH}_{2}\text{OR}^{5}, \ (\text{CH}_{2})_{n}\text{N}(R^{5})\text{CH}_{2}\text{CH}_{2}\text{OCF}_{3}, \\ (\text{CH}_{2})_{n}\text{N}(R^{5})\text{C}(R^{5})\text{OCOR}^{5}, \ (\text{CH}_{2})_{n}\text{N}(R')\text{CH}_{2}\text{COHet, } \ (\text{CH}_{2})_{n}\text{N}(R^{5})\text{CH}_{2}\text{Het, } \\ (\text{CH}_{2})_{n}\text{N}(R^{5})\text{CH}_{2}\text{CH}_{2}\text{Het, } \ (\text{CH}_{2})_{n}\text{N}(R^{5})\text{CH}_{2}\text{CH}_{2}\text{N}(R')\text{CH}_{2}\text{OCOR', } \\ (\text{CH}_{2})_{n}\text{N}(R^{5})\text{CH}_{2}\text{CH}_{2}\text{N}(R^{5})_{2}, \ \text{CH=CHCH}_{2}\text{N}R^{5}\text{Het, CH=CHCH}_{2}\text{N}(R^{5})_{2}, \\ \text{CH=CHCH}_{2}\text{OR}^{5} \ \text{or } \ (\text{CH}_{2})_{n}\text{N}(R^{5})\text{Ar, } \\ \end{cases}$
- R⁵ denotes H or A
- A denotes straight-chain or branched alkyl or alkoxy having 1 to 10 C atoms, or alkenyl or alkenyloxyalkyl having 2 to 10 C atoms,
- Het is 1-piperidyl, 1-piperazyl, 1-(4-methyl)piperazyl, 1-(4-ethyl)piperazinyl, 1-(4-cyclopentyl)piperazinyl, 4-methylpiperazin-1-ylamine, 1-pyrrolidinyl, 1-pyrazolidinyl

1-(2-methyl)pyrazolidinyl, 1-imidazolidinyl or 1-(3-methyl)imidazolidinyl or 4-pyridyl, which is unsubstituted or substituted by one or more CN group, 2- or 4-pyridazyl, 2-, 4- or 5-pyrimidyl, 2- or 3-pyrazinyl, or a group of one of the formulae below

N N	N-
N-	N—
H ₃ C N—N—	N—
CH ₃	
H ₃ C N	~~~
CH ₃	N— CH ₃
N CH ₃	0=\(\big N-

HO	H ₃ C H ₃ C O N N
H ₃ C O N	H ₃ C N—
H ₃ C N	H_3C CH_3 CH_3
H ₃ C O	HON
HO N-	HON
2 N	HO
H ₂ N N—	H ₃ C
H ₃ C CH ₃	H ₃ C N

O CH ₃	H ₃ C N
S_N-	
H ₃ C N H ₃ C	
	0=\$\bigs_N-\bigs_0
CH ₃ N H	0=SN
H ₂ N——	o No

H ₃ C-O _N -	N
N—	
	→ N
	N
OH OH	S_N
N N N H	H_3C-N CH_3
H ₃ C N N N CH ₃	N NH ₂

Ar denotes a phenyl radical which is unsubstituted or mono or polysubstituted by A and/or Hal, OR⁵, OOCR⁵, COOR⁵, CON(R⁵)₂, CN, NO₂, NH₂, NHCOR⁵, CF₃ or SO₂CH₃,

X denotes CH or N,

n denotes 0, 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5 and

Hal denotes F, Cl, Br or I,

where, in the case that X has the meaning CH, R^2 and R^4 do not simultaneously denote H,

or a salt, enantiomer, or racemate thereof, or a mixture of enantiomers,

wherein at least one of the following three conditions I, II, or III is satisfied:

- I) R⁴ denotes H, Hal, CN, A or NO₂;
- II) R^2 denotes H or alkyl;
- III) Het is

